

Civil Rights Pioneers
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I Lesson Plan Summary:

This lesson is meant to be a quick summary covering material from the Civil Rights Movements. The assignment is meant to act as a quick review for a unit test. Students are given a quick handout and listing of 42 items covering 12 Civil Rights Pioneers and place the item number to a corresponding person.

High School Level

Textbook needed

Lesson Plan – a single 50 minute class period

II Lesson Procedures

Procedures for this assignment are pretty simple and basic. After time has been teaching on this time period, students are going through their notes or the book to match 42 items/clue to a corresponding person. . Make a transparency of the blank handout and have students come up and write their answers, or you may do so.

III Activities

This assignment categorizes a lot of detail for students and help them to understand the differences between legislation and how it was meant to help the society of the time.

IV Assessment

I have used this handout as a precursor to an essay question for a test, or a FRE

V Resources

Any textbook should be sufficient

Civil Rights Pioneers

Dr. King Rosa Parks Medgar Evers Malcolm X Thurgood Shirley
Marshall Chisholm

Black John F Robert F Stokely Freedom George
Panthers Kennedy Kennedy Carmichael Riders Wallace

Civil Rights Pioneers

1. Argued the Brown V Board of Education case in front of the Supreme Court
2. He said "I would stand in front of the school house door"
3. I was influenced by Mohandes Gandhi
4. I disobeyed a direct order from the President of the United States
5. I was elected to Congress in 1968
6. At Selma, Alabama I was attacked by an angry white mob
7. I was U.S. Attorney General
8. I began in Oakland, California
9. I became leader of the SNCC
10. I was secretary for the NAACP
11. I was assassinated in my front yard on 6.13.65
12. I was a lawyer for the NAACP
13. I was governor of the state of Alabama
14. I emphasized non violent protests
15. I lived and died in Detroit, Michigan
16. I was a member of the Nation of Islam
17. I was assassinated on April 4, 1968
18. I was assassinated in 1964, possibly by my own members
19. I began in Washington DC in 1961
20. My ideas were rejected by the NAACP
21. I was assassinated in Dallas Texas, November 1963
22. I was assassinated in June 1968
23. My groups main purpose was to protect African American neighborhoods
24. I ran for President in 1972
25. Because of us, the ICC finally banned segregation in bus facilities
26. I called for a full revolution
27. I started the SCLS
28. I was the first African American appointed to the Supreme Court
29. I refused to integrate schools in my state
30. I believed in a more forceful approach to achieving Civil Rights
31. My arrest led to the Montgomery Bus boycott
32. I gave the "I Have a Dream" Speech
33. My journey through the south included both whites and blacks
34. I started the "Black Power" movement
35. I started the Civil Rights Act of 1964
36. My group carried weapons on the streets of neighborhoods in LA
37. I was arrested for refusing to give up my seat on a bus to a white person
38. I was the first African American woman in Congress
39. I was the 35th President of the United States
40. I wanted to create a separate black culture and political structure
41. I called out the National Guard in Alabama to move against the governor
42. I fought for the rights of all people
43. I was the brother of the President

