

NCLB SCHOOL PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT

The School Public Accountability Report contains several types of data(indicators)designed to inform parents and the general public about the progress of Florida's public schools. This report meets the public reporting requirements of the federal No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act and includes certain additional information of interest on the status of Florida's schools.

STUDENT DEMOGRAPHICS

October Membership

The following table provides information on the composition of the student population at the school, district, and state levels.

Racial/ Ethnic Group	Number of Students Enrolled in October		School %		District %		State %	
	Female	Male	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07
WHITE	84	86	29.9	33.8	51.4	53.0	45.9	46.8
BLACK	42	62	18.3	21.2	21.6	21.4	23.1	23.1
HISPANIC	127	142	47.4	41.8	21.9	21.0	24.7	24.2
ASIAN	1	3	.7		1.4	1.4	2.4	2.3
AM. INDIAN					.3	.2	.3	.3
MULTIRACIAL	8	13	3.7	3.2	3.4	2.9	3.6	3.3
DISABLED	22	64	15.1	19.4	12.9	13.5	14.4	14.7
ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED	229	267	87.3	90.9	50.4	57.3	45.9	45.4
ELL	83	91	30.6	25.6	10.0	8.6	11.9	11.8
MIGRANT					.4	.6	.5	.7
FEMALE	262		46.1	48.0	48.3	48.3	48.7	48.6
MALE		306	53.9	52.0	51.7	51.7	51.3	51.4
TOTAL	568		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

READINESS TO START SCHOOL

Florida requires that communities collaborate to prepare children and families for children's success in school.

Kindergarten students were screened during the first 30 calendar days of the beginning of school using the Florida Kindergarten Readiness Screener (FLKRS). The FLKRS is made up of a subset of the Early Childhood Observation System (ECHOS)- an observational instrument that is used to monitor the skills, knowledge, and behaviors a student demonstrates or needs to develop and two probes of the Dynamic Indicators of Basic Early Literacy Skills (DIBELS)- Letter Naming Fluency (LNF) and Initial Sound Fluency (ISF).

The benchmarks used in scoring for the ECHOS include the following:

- * Consistently Demonstrating
 - The student is consistently demonstrating acquisition of this skill or behavior.
- * Emerging/Progressing
 - The student is at an early stage of growth but appears to be showing growth towards the skill or behavior.
- * Not Yet Demonstrating
 - The student is not exhibiting any learning in the benchmark.

The benchmarks used in scoring for the DIBELS are as follows:

- * Above Average
 - At or above the 60th percentile
- * Low Risk
 - At grade level
- * Moderate Risk
 - Moderately below grade level and in need of additional intervention
- * High Risk
 - Seriously below grade level and in need of substantial intervention

Category	Number of Students Evaluated and Where They were placed						
	2007-08	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07
ECHOS Ready*	87	97	57	91	78	88	86
ECHOS Not Ready	3	3	43	9	22	12	14
Total ECHOS	90	100	100	100	100	100	100
DIBELS LNF Ready**	44	48	42	62	57	72	70
DIBELS LNF Not Ready	47	52	58	38	43	28	30
Total DIBELS LNF	91	100	100	100	100	100	100
DIBELS ISF Ready**	52	60	45	60	59	65	63
DIBELS ISF Not Ready	35	40	55	40	41	35	37
Total DIBELS ISF	87	100	100	100	100	100	100

*To be considered "ready" on this measure, the student must score Consistently Demonstrating or Emerging/Progressing.

**To be considered "ready" on either of these two measures, the student must score Above Average or Low Risk.

3 NOTE: Percentages are rounded to the nearest whole integer after individual categories are tabulated.

GRADUATION RATE AND PREPARATION FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION

Florida high schools strive to ensure that students graduate and are prepared to enter the workforce and postsecondary education.

Graduation rate (with special diploma recipients counted as non-graduates)

The graduation rate shows the percentage of students who graduated within four years of initial entry into ninth grade. Graduates include students who received a standard high school diploma or a State of Florida diploma earned through a GED Exit Option program. These results are used in the calculation of schools' Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP).

	School %		District %		State %	
	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06
ALL STUDENTS			65.3	63.1	69.8	68.3
WHITE			72.8	70.4	78.9	77.6
BLACK			52.7	49.6	54.6	52.8
HISPANIC			54.6	50.5	63.6	61.2
ASIAN			78.0	75.8	82.4	82.5
AM. INDIAN			100.0	66.7	72.3	73.1
MULTIRACIAL			63.3	61.5	73.8	73.9
DISABLED			33.5	27.6	38.0	37.4
ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED			52.2	47.3	56.0	53.6
ELL			36.2	32.9	48.2	46.3
MIGRANT			55.4	47.1	48.2	42.9
FEMALE			69.0	67.5	73.9	72.5
MALE			61.7	58.9	65.8	64.2

Graduation rate (with GED-based diploma recipients counted as non-graduates)

This is a modified version of the graduation rate that counts the following diploma recipients as graduates: students who received a standard diploma; students with disabilities who completed the requirements of their individualized education plan (IEP) and received a special diploma. Students who were awarded a GED-based diploma are counted as non-graduates. These results are not used for the AYP calculation.

	School %		District %		State %	
	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06
ALL STUDENTS			67.2	65.4	70.0	68.9
WHITE			73.5	71.2	78.6	77.4
BLACK			57.6	56.1	56.9	55.3
HISPANIC			57.1	52.6	64.3	62.0
ASIAN			78.9	75.8	82.2	82.3
AM. INDIAN			100.0	73.3	71.8	73.1
MULTIRACIAL			61.7	66.7	72.3	73.0

High school dropout rate

Dropouts are students who leave school before graduation and do not enroll in another institution or educational program before the end of the school year. Percentages show by race and gender the proportion of students from the total 9-12 enrollment who dropped out of school.

Racial/ Ethnic Group	Number of Students Who Dropped Out of School		School %		District %		State %	
	Female	Male	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06
WHITE					4.1	4.1	2.4	2.6
BLACK					3.9	3.9	4.7	4.7
HISPANIC					5.1	6.2	3.9	4.3
ASIAN					2.4	3.0	1.7	1.5
AM. INDIAN					3.0	2.7	2.6	3.1
MULTIRACIAL					4.4	5.2	2.3	2.6
FEMALE					4.2	4.1	2.9	3.1
MALE					4.1	4.6	3.7	3.8
TOTAL					4.2	4.4	3.3	3.5

College Placement Test Results

2006 high school graduates who passed college entry-level placement tests (reading, writing, and mathematics)

Shown in the table are the reported numbers of 2006 (calendar year) graduates who enrolled in Florida public community colleges or universities between May 2006 and April 2007, who entered a degree program, and who took college preparatory placement tests. Also shown are the number and percentage of students who passed these placement tests and who are considered ready for college courses in each academic area. Students who did not attend a Florida public community college or state university, such as those who attended out-of-state or private colleges and universities, are not included.

Racial/ Ethnic Group	Number of Graduates Who Took College Placement Reading Tests	Number Who Passed Reading Placement Tests	School %	District %	State %
WHITE*					
BLACK*					
HISPANIC*					
ASIAN*					
AM. INDIAN*					
UNKNOWN*					
FEMALE				73.5	77.2
MALE				75.7	77.8
UNKNOWN					
TOTAL				74.5	77.5

* Additional information is available at <http://data.fl DOE.org/perfcpt>.

Racial/ Ethnic Group	Number of Graduates Who Took College Placement Writing Tests	Number Who Passed Writing Placement Tests	School %	District %	State %
WHITE*					
BLACK*					
HISPANIC*					
ASIAN*					
AM. INDIAN*					
UNKNOWN*					
FEMALE				84.5	84.8
MALE				80.5	82.5
UNKNOWN					
TOTAL				82.9	83.9

Racial/ Ethnic Group	Graduates who Took College Placement Mathematics Tests	Number Who Passed Mathematics Placement Tests	School %	District %	State %
WHITE*					
BLACK*					
HISPANIC*					
ASIAN*					
AM. INDIAN*					
UNKNOWN*					
FEMALE				63.3	67.6
MALE				70.8	73.0
UNKNOWN					
TOTAL				66.5	70.0

* Additional information is available at <http://data.fldoe.org/perfcpct>.

STUDENT PERFORMANCE

Florida's students are expected to compete at the highest levels nationally and internationally and become prepared to make well-reasoned, thoughtful, and healthy lifelong decisions.

Standardized Tests

Although test scores should not be used to draw absolute conclusions about student learning and performance, they provide measured results of student progress toward educational goals. The tests administered to Florida students are described below.

Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT)

The FCAT measures student performance in writing, reading, mathematics, and science. The FCAT has two main parts: one part consisting of tests that measure skills prescribed by the Sunshine State Standards and the other part consisting of norm-referenced tests that rank student performance on a percentile basis.

Alternate Assessments for Students with Disabilities

An alternate assessment for students with disabilities is a performance-based assessment designed to evaluate the progress of students with disabilities on the Sunshine State Standards for Special Diploma measures. Alternate assessments are used with students whose demonstrated cognitive functioning ability prevents them from achieving the Sunshine State Standards and who require extensive direct instruction in the areas of domestic, community living, leisure, and vocational activities. Alternate assessments for students with disabilities are given for writing/communication, reading, and math.

Alternate Assessments for Students who are English Language Learners

Students who are English Language Learners (ELL) and who have been in an English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) program for less than one year may be individually exempted from the FCAT. In these limited circumstances, locally developed alternate assessments are used to evaluate the academic performance of the student. Alternate assessments for ELL students are given for writing, reading, and math.

I. FCAT Sunshine State Standards Tests

The FCAT Sunshine State Standards (SSS) tests measure student performance on selected benchmarks defined by the Sunshine State Standards. Students who take an alternate assessment have their results reported in categorical classifications that include the designation of "Proficient" so that their performance is counted with those of other students.

Note: Assessment results on the following tables reflect FCAT Sunshine State Standards data combined with alternate assessment data. Results show proficiency attainment for students who were in attendance during both semesters of the school year.

Writing Assessment

For this assessment, students are given 45 minutes to read their assigned topic, plan what to write, and then write their responses. Scores range from 1.0 (lowest) to 6.0 (highest). Alternate assessments have been merged with the FCAT scores for reporting purposes.

Writing Assessment Results
 (FCAT Sunshine State Standards and Alternate Assessments)
 Percent of Students Scoring 3 and Above
 School % District % State %
 2007-08 2006-07 2007-08 2006-07 2007-08 2006-07

	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07
ALL STUDENTS	90	92	91	92	92	93
WHITE	N	87	93	95	94	94
BLACK	N	86	89	90	90	90
HISPANIC	N	97	89	88	91	91
ASIAN	N	N	93	96	95	96
AM. INDIAN	N	N	84	96	93	94
MULTIRACIAL*	N	100	93	94	94	94
DISABLED	N	73	70	74	76	75
ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED	89	91	89	90	89	89
ELL	N	100	83	80	81	83
MIGRANT*	N	N	92	86	85	84
FEMALE*	N	95	94	96	95	95
MALE*	N	88	88	89	89	90

* Indicates subgroups not included as separate sub-populations in the Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) calculation.

Note: An "N" indicates that no test results were reported.

Reading and Mathematics Assessments

On the FCAT SSS reading and mathematics tests, students can attain one of five possible achievement levels, ranging from Level 1 (lowest) to Level 5 (highest).

Student Achievement Level Descriptions

- Level 5: Performance at this level indicates that the student has success with the most challenging content of the Sunshine State Standards. A Level 5 student answers most of the test questions correctly, including the most challenging questions.
- Level 4: Performance at this level indicates that the student has success with the challenging content of the Sunshine State Standards. A Level 4 student answers most of the test questions correctly but may only have some success with questions that reflect the most challenging content.
- Level 3: Performance at this level indicates that the student has partial success with the challenging content of the Sunshine State Standards, but performance is inconsistent. A Level 3 student answers many of the test questions correctly but is generally less successful with questions that are most challenging.
- Level 2: Performance at this level indicates that the student has limited success with the challenging content of the Sunshine State Standards.
- Level 1: Performance at this level indicates that the student has little success with the challenging content of the Sunshine State Standards.

Results of alternate assessments have been merged with the FCAT scores for reporting purposes.

Mathematics Assessment Results
(FCAT Sunshine State Standards and Alternate Assessments)
Percent of Students Scoring 3 and Above

	School %			District %			State %		
	2007-08 Results	State Objective	% Not Tested	2007-08 Results	State Objective	% Not Tested	2007-08 Results	State Objective	% Not Tested
ALL STUDENTS	58	62	0	59	62	2	66	62	3
WHITE	62	62	0	68	62	2	76	62	3
BLACK	44	62	0	43	62	2	47	62	3
HISPANIC	60	62	1	51	62	2	61	62	2
ASIAN	N	62	N	81	62	1	85	62	2
AM. INDIAN	N	62	N	71	62	1	71	62	3
MULTIRACIAL*	N	62	N	64	62	2	70	62	3
DISABLED	38	62	0	25	62	4	38	62	4
ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED	56	62	0	50	62	2	54	62	2
ELL	53	62	1	38	62	2	47	62	2
MIGRANT*	N	62	N	42	62	1	49	62	3
FEMALE*	56	62	0	58	62	2	66	62	2
MALE*	60	62	1	59	62	2	66	62	3

* Indicates subgroups not included as separate sub-populations in the Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) calculation.

Note: An "N" indicates that no test results were reported.

Reading Assessment Results
(FCAT Sunshine State Standards and Alternate Assessments)
Percent of Students Scoring 3 and Above

	School %			District %			State %		
	2007-08 Results	State Objective	% Not Tested	2007-08 Results	State Objective	% Not Tested	2007-08 Results	State Objective	% Not Tested
ALL STUDENTS	54	58	0	54	58	2	60	58	3
WHITE	56	58	0	63	58	2	71	58	3
BLACK	39	58	0	40	58	2	42	58	3
HISPANIC	57	58	1	43	58	2	53	58	2
ASIAN	N	58	N	70	58	1	75	58	2
AM. INDIAN	N	58	N	60	58	2	64	58	3
MULTIRACIAL*	N	58	N	63	58	1	68	58	3
DISABLED	38	58	0	23	58	3	34	58	4
ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED	51	58	0	45	58	2	48	58	2
ELL	48	58	1	29	58	2	37	58	2
MIGRANT*	N	58	N	32	58	1	36	58	3
FEMALE*	50	58	0	55	58	2	62	58	2
MALE*	58	58	1	52	58	2	58	58	3

* Indicates subgroups not included as separate sub-populations in the Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) calculation.

Assessment Results by Grade: Percent Scoring at Level 3 or Above
(FCAT Sunshine State Standards and Alternate Assessments)

School	Reading		Math	
	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07
Grade 3	51	58	58	67
Grade 4	63	58	65	58
Grade 5	51	45	53	41
Grade 6				
Grade 7				
Grade 8				
Grade 9				
Grade 10				

District	Reading		Math	
	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07
Grade 3	68	67	74	72
Grade 4	66	64	66	64
Grade 5	61	66	55	53
Grade 6	56	55	44	41
Grade 7	59	55	52	47
Grade 8	46	43	58	56
Grade 9	39	34	59	52
Grade 10	31	28	60	56

State Totals	Reading		Math	
	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07
Grade 3	73	69	77	74
Grade 4	70	69	71	69
Grade 5	68	72	62	59
Grade 6	64	62	53	51
Grade 7	65	63	61	60
Grade 8	54	49	67	63
Grade 9	47	42	66	61
Grade 10	38	34	68	65

Note: An "N" indicates that no test results were reported.

II. FCAT Norm-Referenced Test (NRT)*

The FCAT NRT measures student achievement on a test that was given to a national sample of students. Percentile scores on a norm-referenced test show a student's performance in relation to the performance of students in the national sample. For example, a score in the 60th percentile means the student has scored higher than 60% of the students in the national sample.

NRT Reading, Mathematics

The median national percentile rank (NPR) represents the middle percentile score of the students for whom results are presented. A median NPR of 50 equals the national average.

NRT Results

Subject (Grade)	Number Tested*	Median National Percentile Rank		
	School	School	District	State
Reading (Gr. 3)	96	45	55	60
Mathematics (Gr. 3)	96	48	60	63
Reading (Gr. 4)	61	56	65	69
Mathematics (Gr. 4)	61	63	67	71
Reading (Gr. 5)	84	59	67	73
Mathematics (Gr. 5)	83	65	71	77
Reading (Gr. 6)			60	65
Mathematics (Gr. 6)			64	71
Reading (Gr. 7)			66	70
Mathematics (Gr. 7)			66	72
Reading (Gr. 8)			62	68
Mathematics (Gr. 8)			66	74
Reading (Gr. 9)			58	67
Mathematics (Gr. 9)			67	73
Reading (Gr. 10)			58	71
Mathematics (Gr. 10)			54	63

*A pound sign(#)in a cell indicates suppressed data where fewer than 10 students were tested.

FCAT Results for Reading
Percentage of Students Scoring at Each FCAT Achievement Level, 2007-08

GRADE N\A	School %					District %					State %				
	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
	ALL STUDENTS	030	018	034	016	001	025	022	030	018	005	020	020	031	021
WHITE	026	020	028	025	001	018	020	032	023	007	012	017	033	027	011
BLACK	047	016	022	016	000	036	025	028	010	002	033	026	028	011	002
HISPANIC	027	019	041	013	000	033	024	028	012	002	003	028	040	023	006
ASIAN	N	N	N	N	N	015	016	029	026	014	010	014	030	029	016
AM. INDIAN	N	N	N	N	N	017	024	032	023	005	016	020	034	023	008
MULTIRACIAL*	000	025	050	000	025	017	021	032	024	006	009	012	058	016	006
DISABLED	068	010	023	000	000	064	017	014	004	001	049	021	021	008	002
ECO. DISADV.	032	019	033	015	001	031	024	029	013	003	028	023	030	015	003
ELL	038	019	035	008	000	052	021	022	005	000	052	021	021	006	001
MIGRANT*	N	N	N	N	N	080	020	000	000	000	038	025	027	009	001
FEMALE*	028	024	030	018	000	022	023	031	018	006	018	020	032	022	008
MALE	033	013	036	016	002	027	021	030	017	005	022	020	031	020	007

FCAT Results for Math
Percentage of Students Scoring at Each FCAT Achievement Level, 2007-08

GRADE N\A	School %					District %					State %				
	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
	ALL STUDENTS	018	025	037	018	003	020	022	032	020	006	015	019	032	024
WHITE	017	023	039	017	003	014	019	034	025	009	009	015	032	030	014
BLACK	029	022	036	013	000	030	028	029	011	002	027	027	030	013	003
HISPANIC	015	026	037	020	002	025	025	031	016	004	017	021	033	021	007
ASIAN	N	N	N	N	N	008	012	026	030	024	005	010	025	033	027
AM. INDIAN	N	N	N	N	N	015	013	044	017	011	012	018	033	026	011
MULTIRACIAL*	000	020	020	040	020	015	022	034	023	007	007	012	058	016	007
DISABLED	039	032	023	006	000	056	022	015	005	001	041	024	023	010	003
ECO. DISADV.	019	025	037	017	002	025	025	031	015	003	022	024	032	017	005
ELL	023	024	035	016	001	040	024	026	009	002	036	026	025	010	002
MIGRANT*	N	N	N	N	N	050	040	010	000	000	022	025	034	016	003
FEMALE*	016	027	039	017	001	019	023	033	019	006	018	020	032	022	008
MALE	020	022	035	020	003	020	021	031	021	007	016	018	031	024	011

FCAT Results for Science
Percentage of Students Scoring at Each FCAT Achievement Level, 2007-08

GRADE 05	School %					District %					State %				
	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
	ALL STUDENTS	042	033	023	001	000	029	035	029	006	002	023	033	032	009
WHITE	038	035	023	004	000	018	035	035	009	002	013	030	040	013	004
BLACK	046	038	015	000	000	045	037	016	002	000	041	037	019	002	000
HISPANIC	046	024	030	000	000	038	034	025	003	000	027	036	029	006	001
ASIAN	N	N	N	N	N	009	030	030	021	010	013	026	038	017	006
AM. INDIAN	N	N	N	N	N	014	027	050	009	000	019	034	035	010	002
MULTIRACIAL*	000	050	000	050	000	024	040	028	007	002	018	035	035	009	003
DISABLED	050	025	017	008	000	059	028	010	002	001	045	032	019	003	001
ECO. DISADV.	022	028	033	016	001	036	037	023	003	001	033	037	025	004	001
ELL	025	029	025	017	004	054	031	014	001	000	054	033	012	001	000
MIGRANT*	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	037	041	019	002	001
FEMALE*	047	033	019	000	000	029	037	027	005	001	024	035	031	008	002
MALE	040	029	029	002	000	028	034	030	007	002	022	032	033	010	003

FCAT Results for Science
 Percentage of Students Scoring at Each FCAT Achievement Level, 2007-08

	School %					District %					State %				
	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
GRADE 08															
ALL STUDENTS						036	032	026	005	001					
WHITE						025	032	033	007	002					
BLACK						054	031	014	002	000					
HISPANIC						049	032	016	002	001					
ASIAN						014	039	026	012	009					
AM. INDIAN						027	045	009	009	009					
MULTIRACIAL*						025	037	035	002	001					
DISABLED						074	018	007	001	000					
ECO. DISADV.						046	032	018	002	000					
ELL						077	018	004	001	000					
MIGRANT*						100	000	000	000	000					
FEMALE*						036	035	023	004	001					
MALE						036	029	028	006	001					

FCAT Results for Science
 Percentage of Students Scoring at Each FCAT Achievement Level, 2007-08

	School %					District %					State %				
	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
GRADE 11															
ALL STUDENTS						037	033	026	004	000					
WHITE						026	034	034	006	000					
BLACK						060	030	009	001	000					
HISPANIC						047	034	017	002	000					
ASIAN						020	030	044	005	001					
AM. INDIAN						042	025	033	000	000					
MULTIRACIAL*						032	036	027	005	000					
DISABLED						077	016	007	000	000					
ECO. DISADV.						049	033	016	002	000					
ELL						075	021	004	000	000					
MIGRANT*						N	N	N	N	N					
FEMALE*						036	038	022	003	000					
MALE						038	027	029	006	000					

SCHOOL SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

Schools and communities must provide an environment that is drug free and protects the health, safety, and civil rights of everyone in the school.

School Environmental Safety: Reported Incidents*

The most recent full-year school-level data on reported incidents are available at the Florida School Indicators Report website at <http://data.fldoe.org/fsir>. (See "Incidents of Crime and Violence.") District-level reports are available at www.firn.edu/doe/besss/sesir.htm.

The No Child Left Behind Act provides for an Unsafe School Choice Option, which ensures that students who attend a school that has been identified as persistently dangerous are allowed the option of attending another school within the same district.

For the 2007-08 school year, no Florida public school was identified as persistently dangerous.*

*pending review of complete full-year data

TEACHERS AND STAFF

Schools, districts, and the state ensure that teachers and staff are professionally qualified. School boards must provide a learning environment conducive to teaching and learning.

New staff

The table shows the number and percentage of instructional staff and school-based administrators who were newly hired at this school in 2007-08.

Staff Type	Total Number for 2007-08	Number Newly Hired for 2007-08	School %	District %	State %
Instructional Staff	46	16	34.8	23.3	19.6
School-Based Administrators	2	0	0.0	16.3	20.1
Total	48	16	33.3	23.0	19.7

The Professional Qualifications of Teachers

Degree Level

This table shows the number and percentage of teachers at each degree level.

Degree Level	Number	School %		District %		State %	
		2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07
Bachelor's Degree	35	79.5	73.2	77.3	76.7	66.0	66.1
Master's Degree	9	20.5	26.8	21.5	22.1	30.9	31.1
Specialist Degree				.5	.6	2.1	1.9
Doctorate				.6	.6	1.0	.9
Total All Degrees	44	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Percentage of Teachers Teaching with Emergency or Provisional Credentials

All Florida teachers are certified, although some teachers may be temporarily assigned to areas outside their field of specialization. Data on classes taught by teachers out of field is provided in the following table.

In-Field and Out-of-Field Teachers

The following chart shows the percentage of core academic classes taught by teachers teaching in-field compared to the percentage of classes taught by teachers teaching out-of-field. When a teacher in a district school system is assigned teaching duties in a class dealing with subject matter that is outside the field in which the teacher is certified, outside the field that was the applicant's minor field of study, or outside the field in which the applicant has demonstrated sufficient subject area expertise, as determined by district school board policy in the subject area to be taught, that teacher is teaching "out-of-field." Core academic subjects are English, reading, language arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics, government, economics, arts, history, and geography.

	School %	District %	State %
Percentage of Classes with Teachers Teaching In-Field	64.9	76.8	91.2
Percentage of Classes with Teachers Teaching Out-of-Field	35.1	23.2	8.8

Classes Not Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers

The chart below shows the percentage of classes not taught by "Highly Qualified Teachers" in core academic subjects as defined in federal statute. A highly qualified teacher has earned at least a bachelor's degree and holds a Florida teaching certificate with appropriate certification for each core academic area of assignment. Core academic subjects are English, reading, language arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics, government, economics, arts, history, and geography.

	School %	District %			State %		
		All Schools	High Poverty Schools*	Low Poverty Schools*	All Schools	High Poverty Schools*	Low Poverty Schools*
Classes not Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers	0.0	6.2	5.6	7.5	9.1	10.1	8.8

* High poverty schools are schools ranking in the top 25% of schools based on the percentage of students eligible for free/reduced-price lunch. Low poverty schools rank in the bottom quartile of schools based on free/reduced-price lunch eligibility. That is, low poverty schools have the lowest enrollment in free/reduced-price lunch as a percentage of total membership.

FLORIDA SCHOOL PERFORMANCE GRADE AND ADEQUATE YEARLY PROGRESS (AYP)

School Performance Grade

Public schools in Florida are graded annually based on student performance on the FCAT and the percentage of students making learning gains. Schools are assigned a letter grade (A through F) corresponding with their rated performance, with grade A representing the highest performance rating and grade F representing a failed rating. A rating of "I" indicates that grading is incomplete. A grade of N indicates that the school is not graded. While the vast majority of Florida's schools receive a performance grade, certain types of schools are exempt from grading, including exceptional student education (ESE) centers and Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) facilities.

2007-08 School Performance Grade*: B

* Certain school grades may be subject to modification pending appeal.

For more information on school grades and grading procedures, contact your principal's office or your local school board, or visit the web page at <http://schoolgrades.fldoe.org>.

NCLB Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) Report

Federal NCLB legislation requires schools to report Adequate Yearly Progress based on annual objectives for students in reading, mathematics, and writing, as well as the high school graduation rate. A separate report that presents and explains AYP results for your school, your school district, and the state is distributed in conjunction with this document and is also available from the office of your school's principal and/or your local school board. The AYP report also includes information on schools identified for school improvement. Detailed information on school, district, and state AYP is available at <http://schoolgrades.fldoe.org/default.asp>.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF FEDERAL NCLB LEGISLATION

A. Notice of School Improvement Status and Options

School districts are responsible for identifying Title I schools as schools in need of improvement when they fail to make AYP in consecutive years. School districts must notify parents when their child's school has been identified for school improvement, for corrective action, or for restructuring. The school district must also include an explanation of the parents' option to transfer their child to another public school, with transportation provided when required, or to obtain supplemental educational services. Sec.1116(b)(6).

School improvement status is indicated by the school performance grade included herein and AYP status.

B. State's Obligation To Assist Schools and Districts in Reporting

The Department of Education shall ensure that each school district collects appropriate data and includes in each school's annual report the information included in the state annual report card as well as the number of schools identified for school improvement and how long the schools have been so identified. Sec. 1111(h)(2)(B).

C. Notice of Local Education Agency(LEA) Improvement Status

Parents of students attending a school in a district identified for improvement are entitled to know why the school district was identified for improvement. The state is responsible for providing an explanation to parents in an easily understood format. The explanation must include information on how parents can assist in the improvement efforts. Sec. 1116(c)(6)

Additional required information is included in the accompanying Adequate Yearly Progress Report.

Additional statistics and information of interest may be found in the Florida School Indicators Report on the department's website at www.fl DOE.org or at <http://data.fl DOE.org/fsir>.

Notice of Availability of School Financial Report

For information on revenues and expenditures for your school and district, contact your local school board or your school's administrative office. An online listing of district offices is available at http://www.fl DOE.org/schools/schoolmap/flash/district_list.asp. A directory of schools is also available at http://www.fl DOE.org/schools/schoolmap/flash/schoolmap_text.asp.